

# Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XL. No. 88

HONOLULU, T. H., TUESDAY, MAY 16, 1905. —SEMI-WEEKLY,

WHOLE 2694

## MANY PEOPLE ENGAGE TO ENTER NEW LIFE

**Dr. Ostrom at Hawaiian Opera House Persuades Men and Boys to Confess Their Savior. Afternoon Young People's Meeting.**

(From Monday's Advertiser)

Dr. Ostrom used as his text, words from the 14th verse of the 15th Chapter of Luke, "When he had spent all," drawing from them the inspiration for a fine address which turned men's thoughts back to the innocence of their childhood days, to the asset of a free conscience, and a desire to awaken again to the fact that they must begin on the right side of the ledger. When a man is spending his all, the time comes when he finds himself poor, morally, when he wants a crust for his soul, when he is hopeless and despairing. It is terrible to think a man would starve his soul, when there is a whole Book full of promises. A man, no matter how steeped in crime, can recall the day when the mention of the name of God went to his soul and he gave reverence to it. Dr. Ostrom said he thought nothing better could happen to our nation than to have a revival of the old-fashioned Quaker conscience, for the Quaker had a conscience. Should there be an awakening of conscience it would be the greatest wealth of the nation we could have. When you make your promises and don't keep them, "Why do you spend that way?" Yesterday when the name of Jesus was sounded in your ears, you thought all you had to do to was to call the child Jesus and he would come. But what of today? You have spent your opportunities. Yesterday is not today.

Speaking of the life of Henry W. Grady and the story of his return to his old home and mother, and the enactment of his childhood life for his mother's sake, Dr. Ostrom said that we all need mothering. It was our greatest need. We need the comfort of those early days, and for the same quiet innocence and confidence of our childhood days. He told all present to say to themselves: I have promised the victory over my old self and past life, and tonight I will settle all the old account by drawing on Jesus and stand by this life with confidence unbroken.

THE WOMEN'S MEETING. Central Union church was filled with the gentlest sex last night, when impressive revival services for women were conducted by Dr. Scudder.

AFTERNOON SERVICE. The afternoon service at Central Union Church brought out a fairly good attendance, a large proportion being members of the Young People's Societies. There was some singing by the choir, led by Mr. Hillis, and Mr. Butler the soloist.

Dr. Ostrom spoke at length on the outpouring of the living waters of life from God into the man. He was expressive throughout. In many instances his humor had a fancy for tickling the fancies of the young people's societies, toward whom he directed some of his address. Dr. Ostrom said in part: "Man is restored to greatness by the mercy of God. The race today needs a great uplifting."

"There is not a little disease in man on earth, but his spiritual nature is greater than the continent of America. Paul pictures man as a great continent with God's love shining over all. You discount man when you leave God out of it."

"They say in time the day's labor in the factories will be only two hours, leaving the people the rest of the time for luxury and ease, to visit art galleries and baseball games. I don't want any of it that way. There is plenty of time to get into the clutches of the devil."

"The weariest people I see are those who try to kill time. They stay in a hammock and think of what they have done. Such people suffer from worry, not work. This does not exalt man. The average business man is not too busy. If I were a business man I could not keep busy enough and would swap for something else."

He drew a humorous picture of the Young People's Society. "I am a clerk in a store down town and think I can lead. We will sing a verse, and now another verse. Now let's have a prayer. Now our subject will be Jesus. Anybody who has a word to say for Jesus, speak out. Not a word. Well, let us sing another verse." That's sung. "Now let us speak a word for Jesus. A little voice only three seats away says, 'Jesus wept.' That's all. Another verse, and then the speaker says, 'Time's up,' and then he reads the verses of 'Onward, Christian Soldiers,' in a stentorian voice, and then it's time to go into the church to hear the preacher preach. Then some people on the way out meet, say, 'Delightful evening, isn't it?' 'Yes, but I've got a headache, and can't go in.'"

Announcement was made of the serving of a lunch at noon to the members of the executive committee having the revival meetings in hand. This will be furnished by the ladies of the church.

## SAM JOHNSON KEEPS QUIET

**Friends of Both Brown and Crabbe Make Large Claims.**

Clarence L. Crabbe scores first blood in the actual contest for the Republican nomination for Sheriff of Oahu. Last night there was a caucus of the biggest delegation to the convention, that of the Fourth Precinct of the Fourth District. It consists of twelve delegates and every man of them was present at the caucus in a private house at 7:30. A. D. Castro was elected chairman and A. H. Moore secretary. The unit rule was adopted and Clarence L. Crabbe unanimously endorsed for Sheriff. There was not a note of dissent, everybody being heartily in Crabbe's favor.

The pulling and hauling among the candidates for county offices or rather between the rival Republican candidates for the nomination for Sheriff, set in fairly yesterday, and will continue during this entire week. The friends of Crabbe claimed, on Saturday night, that he would have not less than eighty delegates in the convention—in fact, rather more than less. The friends of Brown claimed yesterday that he would have eighty-seven delegates. They deal in more exact numbers than the Crabbe men, it will be noted.

Now, there will be 146 delegates in the county convention of Oahu. It is manifestly impossible that, of this number, Crabbe should have eighty and Brown eighty-seven for the same nomination. And so it is apparent that somebody is claiming too much. In the meantime, Sam Johnson, whose will is very likely to be the determining factor in the contest, is officially keeping hands off, and personally keeping mighty quiet. Sam is coy when his own name is mentioned for the place, too, but possibly he should be regarded as in line.

There is, in fact, still a decided dearth of material to fill the various offices. The salaries are too small, say the statesmen, to begin with, and there is the dread shadow of the County Act litigation. But a new Richmond has entered the field in the person of Geo. Davis, candidate for district attorney in opposition to the aspirations of Eddie Douthitt, who has been heretofore conceded the nomination. It is alleged, to be sure, that Mr. Davis some time ago burned the bridges between himself and the Republican party—but he has probably repaired them again, by now. Anyway, he clearly hopes that they will carry him over.

For the purely honorary position of Chairman of the Convention—honorary, that is, excepting for its bearing upon the organization—Mr. Harris is still industriously claimed by both sides as friend, while saying he is pledged to neither the Brown nor the Crabbe interest, and a new candidate has appeared in the person of E. R. Adams, of the Fifth District, for whom strength is claimed also in the Fourth. It is likely that Harris will have to fight for the honor, but he probably anticipated that.

There was renewed talk yesterday of Senator McCandless for Supervisor from Ewa. And it is said that other members of the legislature hanker for county office, but it is a question as to whether any sitting member is eligible. Anyway, the Republicans of Oahu want candidates for Auditor, and for several other jobs.

The Democrats will hold their county convention one week from next Tuesday, made up of the same delegates who sat in the last convention representing Oahu. There is little talk of candidates among them, though Col. Hauke might run.

The delegates from the Third Precinct of the Fifth District met last night and discussed various matters, among them the precinct organization. Also they endorsed Charles Booth for County Treasurer, and agreed to stand solidly by him in the convention. Booth is very popular in the precinct, having polled a heavy vote for delegate at the primaries. The caucus took no action upon the fight for sheriff.

That's the way with the young people's meetings.

Dr. Ostrom said that too often it was raining when the young people's meetings were to meet. It was wet rain. The rains must be disregarded.

There was no use debating any longer, but just accept Him.

There is not a newspaper in the country that will oppose the churches. All intelligent people believe in the churches.

Dr. Ostrom wanted a freshet of Christianity to rush in the Hawaiian Islands—rivers of living waters—until it inundated the land.

Mr. Butler added solemnity to the services by his solos.

## COUNTY ACT LITIGATION

**Governor Carter Only Seeking for an Early Decision.**

The attorneys are now looking into the question, but it is not at all certain that the County Act litigation will be taken to the Supreme Court at once upon an agreed statement of facts. It may be necessary to begin lower down.

In connection with this County Act litigation, said Governor Carter yesterday, "I conceive that the highest duty to the people of this Territory is to have the matter settled as soon as possible, and with the least possible expense and the most complete avoidance of a condition of chaos."

It seems that at the meeting of counsel in the Governor's office on Saturday afternoon, it was urged that the quickest way to secure action was to submit the case to the Supreme Court upon an agreed statement of facts. Mr. Cooper, however, was not so certain that this could be done. He urged that the Supreme Court might refuse to hear the case so submitted, upon the plea that it was a moot question, and so throw it out of court. The Supreme Court, in other words, it was argued, might refuse to hear argument upon the validity of the law until the law had actually gone into effect. And, if that were done, why the expense of an election, which it is sought now to avoid, would not be avoided. Moreover, it would become necessary to attack the County Act again, and that after the officers had been elected and had actually taken office. In other words, there would come about that condition of chaos which the Governor is extremely anxious to avoid.

"If the Act is valid, well and good," said the Governor yesterday. "But, if it is invalid, we want to know it—and as soon as possible."

It is, accordingly, by no means certain that the proceeding against the act will be commenced directly in the Supreme Court. The County Act was knocked out the last time, it will be remembered, after it had gone into effect and after the county officers had been elected. The condition now, therefore, is so far different.

As to an appeal to the United States Supreme Court, that right is understood to exist, there being no necessity to reserve it expressly. Under the amendment to the Organic Act, it is a right that can of course be exercised. But, if the Organic Act had not been amended, the decision of the Territorial Supreme Court would have been accepted as final. Whether Governor Carter will so accept it, of course remains to be seen.

Incidentally to the County Act litigation, it is altogether probable that an attack will be made upon the bill appropriating \$10,000 for the purpose of holding the election. That is public money, and the Secretary of the Territory might be enjoined from expending it for the purpose.

## DEPARTMENTS ARE TOO FREELY CUT

"They have cut the Land Office down to about bare salaries," said Land Commissioner Pratt yesterday. "Why, the way the Senate has fixed the appropriation bills, it will not be of the least use to try and do anything in the way of opening up lands for settlement. I just simply cannot do it, that is all. They have cut down my office to bare salaries, and they have so crippled the survey office that we cannot lay out any new lands if we want to. And if this country is to be opened and developed, we have got to have money to get the public land ready to put on the market. They might about as well close up the land office."

And that was not the only kick, nor was Mr. Pratt the only official who was kicking yesterday. The heads of the several departments, who should know their needs better than anybody else, who certainly are in the best position to know how much work is apt to be demanded of them in the next two years, complain that their recommendations have been ignored almost altogether, in drawing the appropriation bills—or, rather, in cutting them down—and that the members of the Senate ways and means committee have not even called them for consultation in the last framing of the bills. And they do not relish the position in which this has placed them.

## NAVAL FIGHT IS EXPECTED IN FEW DAYS

**Russian United Fleet Steams Northward—Floating Mine Destroys a Japanese Transport.**

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAM.)

ST. PETERSBURG, May 16.—A sea fight is expected in a few days. The junction of the Russian naval forces occurred on May 10th.

RUSSIANS STEAMING NORTH.

LONDON, May 16.—Admiral Rojestvensky's fleet left Hong-koh Sunday and steamed northward.

JAPANESE TRANSPORT SUNK.

TOKIO, May 16.—The transport Kikomaru was sunk off Port Arthur by a floating mine.

REENFORCEMENTS FOR OYAMA.

GUNSHU PASS, May 15.—Fifty thousand reinforcements for the Japanese armies have reached the front.

## BOWEN-LOOMIS INQUIRY BEGUN BY PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, May 16.—President Roosevelt and Secretary Taft have begun the Bowen-Loomis investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28.—anticipated in official circles. Mr. Bowen is looked for early in May, and upon his arrival something out of the ordinary seems bound to occur. To use a colloquialism, it is "up" to the turn to Washington of the American Minister to "make good" his accusation against the First Assistant Secretary and even sensational denouement is anticipated.

(Continued on Page 5.)

## GEN. MAXIMO GOMEZ IS DANGEROUSLY ILL

SANTIAGO, Cuba, May 16.—General Maximo Gomez is dangerously ill with nephritis.

General Maximo Gomez has been one of the foremost figures in Cuba for the past quarter of a century. He was one of the leaders in the modern revolts against the rule of Spain, and was a compatriot in the Ten Year's war from 1895 to 1898 with the ill-fated General Garcia. He spent all his means in preparing for insurrection after insurrection. When the Cuban revolt broke out again in 1895, Gomez was placed at the head of the patriot army. His headquarters were wherever his ill-fed troops could find a resting place. He was a thorn in the side of the Spanish authorities and great masses of troops were sent out from Spain to subdue him. He inflicted great losses on the Spanish. Associated with Gomez were Generals Garcia and Maceo, the latter being killed in the latter part of 1896. Maceo was one of Gomez's best leaders, and was greatly beloved by his people.

When the Spanish-American war broke out, Gomez at once bent his efforts to effect a junction with the Americans, and he gave aid in various military enterprises. Soon after Cuba was wrenched from Spain, Major-General Gomez made known his unalterable project for the independence of Cuba. The relations between the United States and Generals Gomez and Garcia became strained, and Garcia became so chagrined that he finally sent in his resignation to Gomez, notifying General Shafter of the action. In 1899 Gomez, too, became disaffected, but it was thought he would be eminently fitted to dispose of the \$3,000,000 which the United States appropriated for the pay of the Cuban troops. He was finally chosen to assist in this work. In the last few years Gomez has dropped out of sight somewhat, but he is growing old, and the independence for which he fought has been gained. Gomez was born in San Domingo.

## TRANSFER OF ANGEL ISLAND.

WASHINGTON, May 16.—Secretary Taft will meet Immigration Commissioner Sargent in San Francisco on July 1, to arrange for the transfer of Angel Island to the immigration detention service.

## THE KAISER'S CUP RACE.

NEW YORK, May 16.—The trans-Atlantic yacht race for the Kaiser's cup starts today. Eight American yachts, two British and one German have entered.

## ANOTHER RUSSIAN LOAN.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 16.—A decree has been issued authorizing the emission of \$100,000,000 bonds.